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Country code fr

Given article text here The French Republic's ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 country code is FR, applied globally for international contexts such as the Internet and data management. A two-letter code providing a concise representation of countries, associated with France in website addresses like www.example.fr. The standard ensures consistent representation across various applications, including internet domain names ccTLDs, data exchange and management, logistics, shipping, international communication, travel documents. ISO country codes represent various countries globally, including France's FR code, used extensively in internet domain names, shipping, and official documents. Puerto Rico is a territory of the USA, and its capital is San Juan. In Canada, XO represents Ontario, while other provinces/territories have unique codes like XA for Alberta and XS for Saskatchewan. The country code +49 belongs to Germany, and to call France from the US, use 011 (exit code) + 33 (France's country code) + the local French phone number. Italy's two-letter abbreviation is IT, used as its ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 country code, while Spain's is ES. Countries starting with Z include Zambia and Zimbabwe. There are currently 195 countries worldwide, including 193 UN member states and 2 non-member observer states. Several countries begin with the letter K, such as Kazakhstan, Kiribati, and Kosovo. The +1 country code represents the United States, its territories like the US Virgin Islands, and Guam. Understanding these codes is crucial for international communication and data management. The International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and the International Olympic Committee (IOC) use different codes for countries. ISO defines its country codes in standard 3166-1, which consists of three capital letters in the alpha-3 version. For example, Germany has the IOC code "GER" but the ISO code is "DEU". Some ISO codes are based on the national language, while others follow a more standardized approach. ISO also uses numeric variants and 2-letter codes (alpha-2) that are mainly used for assigning country-specific domains and bank account numbers. Currency codes consist of three letters: two letters from the ISO code followed by the first letter of the unit. For example, the US Dollar has the code "USD" while the Japanese Yen is "JPY". However, there are exceptions to these rules. Currencies like the euro use a single abbreviation, and individual countries have unique codes even if they share a border. The FIPS 10 code, originally from the USA, includes territories with sovereign characteristics and uses two capital letters. The country of Afghanistan has an ISO code "AFG" but is also known by its local name, "Afghānestān". It is located in South Asia, bordered by six countries: China, Pakistan, Iran, Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan, and Tajikistan. The country's land area covers approximately 94% of the area of Texas. Afghanistan is a mountainous country characterized by the Hindu Kush range, with numerous plateaus and foothills making some areas difficult to access. The average altitude is 1885 meters above sea level, earning it one of the highest countries in the world. The south and southwest consist mainly of sparsely vegetated deserts, while the Helmand River supplies water to the area. The currency is the afghani (AFN), with 1 Afghani equal to 100 Puls. Afghanistan has a continental to subtropical climate, with cold winters and hot summers varying greatly due to altitude differences. The mountainous regions experience harsh winters, while the lowlands and southern plains are hotter in summer. Rainfall varies greatly, with most falling in winter and spring, and the desert areas near the Iranian border remaining extremely dry. The official languages are Pashto and Persian, with Sunni Islam being the dominant religion, followed by Shia and other minority groups. Agriculture is a significant sector, accounting for 58% of the land area. France has a long-standing border dispute with neighboring countries, particularly Afghanistan, which has led to tensions and military conflicts. The border was never officially recognized by Afghanistan, and it remains a contentious issue in bilateral relations. France lost around a third of its territory when the area was divided up. The country code for France is +33, followed by the city code and dialing instructions. For local calls within France, only the phone area code is needed, while international calls require the country code and phone number. The capital city of Albania is Tirana, located on the southern Adriatic coast in southeastern Europe. Albania has a total land area of 28,750 km² and a coastline of 362 km. It is one of the smallest countries in Europe, with over half of its residents living in cities. The country's highest mountain peak, Maja e Korabit, stands at 2,764 meters above sea level. Albania has direct borders with four neighboring countries: Montenegro, Greece, North Macedonia, and Kosovo. The distance from New York City to Tirana is approximately 7,440 km. The official currency is the Albanian lek (ALL), with a moderate climate determining the weather in the country. This list provides country names and codes used in various databases. The countries are listed alphabetically, with their respective ISO (International Standards Organization) three-digit alphabetic code and United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD) three-digit numeric code. Both codes are used consistently across all three databases. The list includes 190 countries, including Afghanistan to Zimbabwe, along with the European Union, French Guiana, French Polynesia, and other territories. The country names and codes are: * ISO3 Code: A three-digit alphabetic code provided by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) * UNSD 3-digit numeric code: A three-digit numeric code provided by the United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD) The list is a comprehensive reference guide for anyone needing to use these country names and codes. France FR FRA .fr ♦partements_français