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The term for fainting is

What is the medical term for pertaining to fainting. The medical term for temporary loss of consciousness (fainting) is. What is the medical term used for fainting. The medical term for fainting is quizlet. The medical term for fainting is. The medical term for fainting is chapter 19. Which of the following is another term for fainting.

Also found in: Dictionary, Thesaurus, Idioms, Encyclopedia, Wikipedia. Related to faint: Fainting Capri is the loss of consciousness caused by a temporary lack of oxygen to the brain. Known for the term "symptopo" medical, fainting can be preceded by vertigo, nausea, or a feeling of extreme weakness. When a person does, the loss of consciousness is short. The person will wake up as soon as the normal blood flow is restored to the brain. The bloodstream is usually restored by a flat one for a short period. This position puts the head to the same level as the heart so that the blood flows more easily to the brain. A selling episode can be completely harmless and of any meaning, but it can be a symptom of a serious underlying disturbance. No matter what trivial seems, an episode fainting should be treated as a medical emergency until the cause is determined. Extreme pain, fear or stress can lead to faint. This type of fainting is caused by vague nerve overlapping, a nerve connected to the brain that helps control breathing and circulation. Also, a person who is standing still or erected for too long can faint. This type of fainting occurs because the blood pools in the legs of the legs, reducing the quantity that is available for the heart of pumping the brain. This type of fainting is quite common in older people or those who take drugs to treat high blood pressure. When a more older person feels lost when he turns his head or look upwards suddenly, the cause could be osteoarthritis of the neck bones. Osteoarthritis damages cartilage between neck bones and causes pressure on blood vessels leading to the brain. FAINTING can be a symptom of a disease like Stokes-Adams syndrome, a condition in which blood flow to the brain is temporarily reduced due to an irregular heartbeat. Some people can experience fainting associated with the weakness of the limbs or a temporary problem in speaking caused by the blood flow obstructed into vases passing through the neck to the brain. Pregnant women often feel weak. Hunger can also occur due to low blood sugar. Low blood sugar can occur if a person skips a meal or has diabetes. FAINTING can also be caused by: prolonged effort cough to defecate or urge blowing a tool of the wind too hard while remaining in a stuffed environment with oxygen too little sometimes fainting can be caused by a temporary drop in the blood nutrition to the brain caused by A transient ischemic attack (TIA). A tia, sometimes called mini-stroke, is a break of blood nutrition to the brain caused by a blocked or burst blood vessel. Seek help immediately if a fainting is followed by one or more of the symptoms listed below: numbness or tingling in any part of the body blurred vision difficulty talking loss of movement in arms or legs A few seconds before fainting, a person may sweat or turn pale, feel nauseous or dizzy, and have viscosity blurred or racing heartbeat. Once the person loses consciousness, the students dilated as the heart if a person feels weak, unconsciousness can be prevented sitting with the head between the knees, as shown in the illustration above, or flat lying with the legs lifted. (electronic illustrator group illustration.) rate slows down. There can be abnormal movements. muscles can tighten or back can bow. These movements will not last long and are not violent. in most cases, the patient regains consciousness in a few minutes, but the spell fainting can be followed by nervousness, headaches, nausea, dizziness, pallor or sweating. the person can faint again, especially if he or she gets up within 30 minutes. The best episodes of fainting are a one-time event. when a person repeatedly experiences fainting spells, a doctor should be consulted. most of the time, a person who blooms ends up lying on the floor. If this happens, the patient should be rolled on his back. because someone who often faints vomits, the attics should keep the airways open. a person who is coming should not be held in a vertical position or in a sitting position. These positions prevent blood flow from the brain and can lead to a seizure. the balances should check the patient's breathing and pulse rate. the impulse can be weak and slow. If there are no signs of breathing or heart rate, the problem is more serious than fainting, and cardiopulmonary resuscitation (cpr) must begin. If the breath and pulse rates seem normal, the legs of the person should be raised above the level of the head so that gravity can help blood flow to the brain. straps, collars or other constructive clothes should be loosened. if the person fails to regain consciousness within a minute or two after fainting, medical help should be summoned. after a fainting spell, the person should recover the normal color but can continue to feel weak for a short time. lying quietly for some moments can help. inserting most cases, a fainting attack is not serious. as soon as the pain or stress below passes, the danger of repeated episodes is also eliminated. If a person feels weak, unconsciousness can be prevented from sitting with his head between his knees or lying flat with his legs lifted. a person who passed out should be misfortune for 10-15 minutes after regaining consciousness to give the system the opportunity to regain its balance. standing too soon can lead on another fainting spell. greenberg, david a., et al. clinical neurology. 2nd ed. norwalk, tc: appleton & lange, 1993.osteoarthritis â € "a disease characterized by damage to cartilage in the joints. I'll give you the!They inflame, deformed, and expand, and the movement becomes painful. Dolorous syndrome. The Adams syndrome - the recurrent episodes of the temporary loss of consciousness (fainting) caused by an insufficient flow of blood from the heart to the brain. This syndrome is caused by a very quick or very slow heartbeat. Very rapid ischemic attack (TIA) - a brief interruption of the blood supply apart from the brain that causes a temporary temporary of vision, speech or movement. Usually, the episode lasts only for a few moments, but can be a warning sign for a full stroke. Vagus paint Â ¸ Ñ "a cranial nerve, ie a nerve connected to the brain. The vague nerve has branches for most of the main bodies of the body, including the larynx, the throat, the fingerpipe, the lungs, the heart And most of the digestive system. Gale Encyclopedia of medicine. Copyright 2008 The Gale Group, Inc. All rights reserved. Temporary loss of consciousness due to the privation of the brain of an adequate offer of blood and therefore oxygen and glucose. This results From a reduction in blood pressure, both because the heart is pumping too slowly or less efficiently or because the arteries of the body have widened. If a listless person is authorized to lie and the legs raised, the recovery will be quick . A dangerous to maintain a disgraced person upright.collins of Medicine Â © Robert M. Youngson 2004, 2005q. I am 12 years old and my hair fall what I d? There is a hair ball in my tuba. First of all, you're p By taking through puberty and hormonal levels of your body are changing, this could cause accelerated hair loss that will go away. However, if you want to have a serious hair loss you should go and get blood tests for the evaluation of different vitamins deficient (B12, folic acid and iron), which can be reason. SoOmtimes The lack in our nutrition can be the reason to lose your hair. I discovered 1 weeks ago I was owks pregnant and last night I passed a clear 1 / 2dollar ball. The ball was clear, soft and Jellie likes it and arrived with a lot of blood but I didn't see signs of a child or anything like that. Perhaps, but not essentially. In this age the embryo is rather small (different millimeters), so you can easily be wrong. My best advice is to consult a doctor (eg gynecologist) so that an American test or other test can be done to accurately diagnose an abortional abortion. Care assistance. more discussions on FAINTING This Content is supplied by Imedx and is subject to terms imedx. Questions and answers are not approved or recommended and are made available from patients, not doctors. Do you want to thank TFD for your existence? Tell a friend who we are, add a link to this page or visit the webmaster page for free fun content. Connecting to this page: most of the accidents started with only one or two fainting workers, said Sophanarith, but this caused others to become scared, leading to mass faintings. It is not the first person to survive to fall on the tracks of the metro trains. & nbsp; A Peruvian man who visited New York was) Saved by other December 2017 switches when it disappeared on the railway. & Nbsp; Anija Fister, 18, was also saved after fainting on A (-Boston-subway-tracks.html) Metro track in Boston May 2017 As an incoming train it was a minute and nbsp; away fromFainting is a temporary loss of consciousness that occurs when the brain does not receive enough oxygen. Lights suddenly, it lasts only for a short time and fully resume soon. It is also often called a blackout. The medical term is sincopio. It's not the same thing as a seizure that usually causes jerking.it is important to seek medical attention if you experience false. Trailers can be caused by a serious problem. However, this is very unusual unless you have no more aged 40 or occurred while you were by laying or during exercise. The most common causes are listed below. When you pass out, become unconscious for a few seconds. It is also called the passage or shred. The medical term for this is syncope. You may feel sick and sweaty before or pass without any warning. When you walk away, they fall to the ground. It's not the same thing as an attack that usually makes you jerk. Come around after a few seconds and is believed to normal. Some people feel very tired after that came around. Usually, fainting happens for a reason, like when you're in pain or you're standing for a long time in a warm place. The impainting © happens because the brain needs a constant supply of oxygen. If the supply falls below a certain level, we fall to the ground, making it easier for the blood richer oxygen reaching the brain. The brain is common to all ages and affects up to 4 people in 10 people at least once in their lives. Most people never receive medical help. Most people (95%) had their first attack of syncope before having 40 years. If you have for the first time after 40, it is more likely to be due to a serious underlying problem. The most common cause is a common weak, also called syncope mediated neurmente mediated (NMS). I usually systagniommoni happen for the first time during the years of adolescence and affect more boys girls. In older people, fainting is more likely to be due to an underlying cardiac problem, low blood pressure, or as a side effect of the drug. What are some of the most common causes of fainting: weakness Common (NMS): This is also known as vasovagal syncope. It is the most common cause of fainting. NMS can occur in various situations. These include paura.severe pain or extreme exercise emotiva.fter anguish. After he prolonged standing, especially in hot places (which is why the soldiers on parade are weak). When they wear tight neck collars who build attacks. and feeling sweaty. Your eyes usually remain open. Hypotension open: this is a drop in blood pressure on standing, which can cause fainting. It can occur: due to the medication prescribed to lower blood pressure. sick (vomiting) or experience runny stools (diarrhea) and other reasons to have a lack of fluid in the body (being dehydrated). A result of neurological diseases such as Parkinson's disease and peripheral neuropathy. After a big meal. SincopeCope: This happens because of an underlying heart problem. Over there be a family story of sudden death. Fainting may be preceded by chest pain or a feeling of a "beating heart" (palpitations) and may occur during exercise.Your doctor will want to know more about what you were doing when you passed out.You will be asked if you have recently started a new medication.Try to remember if you had any warnings before you passed out. (If so, ask them to talk to your doctor, if possible).How did you feel when you came around?These details will help your doctor make a diagnosis. Your doctor will examine you. They will check your heart, including your blood pressure when you are sitting and standing and your heartbeat. You may be required to have a cardiac monitoring (electrocardiogram, or ECG). You may have blood tests for anaemia and diabetes. Further tests of the heart and nervous system may be needed.The most common cause of fainting is fainting. Other causes include seizures, syncope due to anxiety (psychogenic pseudosyncope) and other rare causes of fainting.Other causes of fainting may be due to low blood sugar (hypoglycemia) and lack of oxygen (hypoxia) from a variety of causes. It may be due to excessive breathing (hyperventilation), but it is rare.You may also faint after a fall or a blow to the head or from excessive alcohol or drugs.Strokes and mini strokes (transient ischaemic attacks) can also cause a blackout.Prolonged blackouts, confusion after the event, incomplete healing, and tongue bite suggest that the cause is sideways. Not just a blackout.Treatment will depend on the probable cause of your blackout. You may be asked to keep a journal of your fainting, including what you were doing when each of them happened. Most people will only need to see their own family doctor, but they may be referred for further inquiries and hospital treatments.Lie down with your legs on a chair or against a wall or sit on the ground with your head between your knees. Don't just sit in a chair.Squatting down on the heels can be very effective and is less noticeable in public.When you feel better, stand up carefully. If symptoms return, resume position.If you faint again: Discuss with your doctor stopping any medication that may be responsible.Avoid alcohol.Drink more liquids such as water or soft drinks.Wear support socks.Exercise the crossing of the legs and the tension of the arms.The Driver and Vehicle Licensing Agency (DVLA) should not be informed of a simple, but major fainting If the situation is more complicated or the diagnosis is less clear, contact the DVLA.You should call an ambulance if:You have a blackout during physical activity or lying down That'sYou have family history of sudden and inexplicable deaths. Try pain in the chest or the feeling of a "heart that beats" (palpitations). If the attack occurs again or occurs or does not feel completely back to normal, it must also turn urgently to the doctor. In all other cases, you should see your doctor. If you have a lot ofor you hurt yourself because of the bonfires, your gp might want to see a specialist. They may also want you to see a specialist if your fainting could affect your driving, you will have to find the underlying cause and try to deal with it if possible. common meals are by far the most common cause. Many people who faint knowing when they tend to happen and how to avoid. outlook attacks (prognosis) depends on the underlying cause, but it is generally very good. in young people, when blackouts are not associated with any problem of the nervous system, there is nothing to worry about. in older people, there may be a risk to their health, but this is due to the underlying condition and the risk of falling. Falling.

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